**2nd Year-Révision- Unité 10- K. Rafferty**

1. Jouer- to play

It is a regular ‘ER’ verb, therefore you add the regular ‘ER’ verb endings onto the stem:

Je jou**e** (I play) nous jou**ons** (we play)

Tu jou**es** (you play) vous jou**ez** (you pl. play)

Il jou**e** (he plays) ils jou**ent** (they-boys play)

Elle jou**e** (she plays) elles jou**ent** (they- girls play)

1. I play …….= je joue à……
2. Masculine:

If the sport which follows is masculine, **à** changes to **au**

e.g. le football (football)

je joue **au** football (I play football)

1. Feminine:

If the sport which follows is feminine, **à** changes to **à la**

e.g. la pétanque (bowls)

je joue **à la** pétanque (I play bowls)

1. Plural:

If the sport which follows is plural, **à** changes to **aux**

e.g. les boules (bowls)

je joue **aux** boules (I play bowls)

1. Les sports d’équipe- Team sports

* le football= football le badminton= badminton
* le rugby= rugby le ping pong= table tennis
* le basket= basketball le volley= volleyball
* le football gaélique= gaelic football le hurling= hurling
* le camogie= camogie le tennis= tennis
* les boules= bowls le hockey= hockey

1. Faire- to do

It is an irregular verb, therefore you need to learn it off by heart:

Je fais (I do) nous faisons (we do)

Tu fais (you do) vous faites (you pl. do)

Il fait (he does) ils font (they- boys do)

Elle fait (she does) ells font (they-girls do)

1. Je fais de….= I do….
2. Masculine:

If the sport which follows is masculine, **de** changes to **du**

e.g. le vélo (cycling)

je fais **du** vélo (I do cycling)

1. Feminine:

If the sport which follows is feminine, **de** changes to **de la**

e.g. la gymnastique (gymnastics)

je fais **de la** gymnastique (I do gymnastics)

1. Vowel:

If the sport which follows begins with a vowel, **de** changes to **de l’**

e.g. l’équitation (horse-riding)

je fais **de l’**équitation (I do horse-riding)

1. Les sports individuels- Individual sports

* L’équitation= horse-riding l’athlétisme= athletics
* La gymnastique= gymnastics la natation= swimming
* le vélo= cycling le judo= judo
* Le roller= roller-blading le skate= skate-boarding
* Le VTT= mountain-biking le golf= golfing
* Le tir à l’arc= archery

1. Giving your opinion
2. When talking about sports you play, a good answer is always one where you back it up with your opinion on the topic.

Example:

* J’aime \_\_\_\_= I like
* j’adore \_\_\_\_= I love \_\_\_\_
* Je n’aime pas \_\_\_\_= I don’t like
* je déteste \_\_\_\_= I hate \_\_\_\_\_
* Mon sport favori, c’est \_\_\_\_= My favourite sport is \_\_\_\_\_

1. And with an adjective (i.e. why you think this):

* C’est un sport **passionant**= It is an exciting sport
* C’est un sport **competitive**= it is a competitive sport
* C’est un sport **super**= it is a super sport
* C’est un sport **fatigant**= it is a tiring sport
* C’est un sport **fantastique**= it is a fantastic sport
* C’est un sport **rapide**= it is a quick sport
* C’est trop **dangereux**= it is too dangerous
* C’est trop **violent**= it is too violent

1. Les Saisons- The Seasons

* Spring= le printemps
* Summer= l’été
* Autumn= l’automne
* Winter= l’hiver
* In spring= au printemps
* In winter= en hiver
* In autumn= en automne
* In summer= en été

1. Les sports d’été- Summer Sports

* sailing= la voile
* wind-surfing= la planche à voile
* deep sea diving= la plongée sous- marine
* surfing= le surf
* canoeing= le canoë- kayak
* waterskiing= le ski nautique

1. Les sports d’hiver- Winter Sports

* ice- skating= le patinoire
* skiing= le ski
* tobogganing= la luge

1. Les équipements de sport- Sport Equipment

* the oval ball= le ballon ovale
* the hurl= la crosse
* the round ball= le ballon rond
* the spiked running shoes= les chaussures à pointes
* the swimming suit= le maillot de bain
* yellow jersey= le maillot jaune

1. Prendre- ‘to take’

Je prend**s** (I take) nous pren**ons** (we take)

Tu prend**s** (you take) vous pren**ez** (you pl. take)

Il prend (he takes) ils prenn**ent** (they- boys take)

Elle prend (she takes) elles prenn**ent**(they-girls take)

1. Les Adjectives Posessives- Possessive Adjectives

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Masculine (singular) | Feminine (singular) | Plural |
| my | Mon | Ma | Mes |
| your | Ton | Ta | Tes |
| his/her | Son | Sa | Ses |
| our | Notre | Notre | Nos |
| your (plural) | Votre | Votre | Vos |
| their | Leur | Leur | Leurs |